

The Quincy Union.

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Hotels, &c.



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QUINCY,
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The Quincy Union.

QUINCY, PLUMAS CO., CAL.

SATURDAY, JULY 28, 1866.

GOING HOME.

Where are you going so fast, old man.
Where are you going so fast?
There's a valley to cross, and a river to ford,
There's a clasp of the hand and a parting word,
And a tremulous sigh for the past, old man—
The beautiful, vanished past.

The road has been rugged and rough, old man.
To your feet it's rugged and rough;
But you see a dear being with gentle eyes,
Has shared in your labor and sacrifice:
Ah! that has been sunshine enough, old man—
For you and me, sunshine enough.

How long since you passed o'er the hill, old man.
Of life, o'er the top of the hill?
Were there beautiful valleys on the other side?
Were there flowers and trees with their branches wide,
To shut out the heat, old man—
The heat of the fervid sun?

And how did you cross the waves, old man.
Of sorrow—the fearful waves?
Did you lay your dear treasures by, one by one,
With an aching heart, and "God's will be done,"
Under the wayside dust, old man—
In the graves' heart the wayside dust?

There are sorrow and labor for all, old man—
Alas! there is sorrow for all;
And you, peradventure have had your share,
For eighty long winters have whitened your hair,
And the've whitened your heart as well, old man—
Thank God! your heart as well.

You're now at the foot of the hill, old man—
At last at the foot of the hill!
The sun has gone down in a golden glow,
And the Heavenly City lies just below;
Go in through the pearly gate, old man—
The beautiful, pearly gate.

A WONDERFUL MEMORY.—The learned Bishop Jewel, who died in 1571, was blessed with a wonderful memory. He could exactly repeat what he had written at any former period, after having once read it. During the ringing of the bell for public worship, he could commit to memory a whole sermon, and produce it without hesitation. His usual custom was to write the heads of his sermon on his memory, and so firmly were they, after a few minutes, imprinted on his mind, that he used to say, that if ten thousand people were fighting and quarreling all the time he was preaching, they could not confuse him. To put him to a full trial, Dr. Parkhurst uttered to him some of the most difficult and barbarous words he could find in a calendar, and Bishop Hooper, of Gloucester, gave him forty Welsh, Irish and foreign words, and after once or twice reading, and a little recollection, he repeated them backward and forward. In the year 1568, Sir Nicholas Bacon, lord keeper of the great seal, having read to him from Erasmus' Paraphrase the last clauses of ten lines, confused and imperfect, with the view of more fully trying his gift, sitting silent awhile and covering his head with his hand, he rehearsed all the broken parts the right way and the reverse, without hesitation. He professed to teach the art to others, and so instructed his tutor, Dr. Parkhurst, at Zurich, that within twenty-eight days, by giving only one hour each day to the subject, he learned all the twenty-eight chapters of the gospel of Matthew so perfectly that he could repeat any verse, telling what went before and what followed.

A SENSIBLE WIFE.—Mrs. Smith: "Why do I allow my husband to smoke in the house? Bless me, Mrs. Brown, I would not stop him for the world! Do you know that when he is angry with me—when we have been having a word or two together, as I suppose the best of husbands and wives occasionally have, he rushes to his cigar, and leaves me for a good hour all to myself. It seems to relieve him, and saves me an infinity of blowing up. After he has smoked it, I can assure you the poor creature is quite mild, and sometimes he will actually beg my pardon! The fuming that I should have got, is bestowed elsewhere. I look upon a cigar as the very best friend a woman has, and I'm positive too, that it's the saving of an immensity of swearing. After all, a volley of oaths. When all is said and done, my dear, smoke, take my word for it, is a very fine thing. It cures many a bad temper, and preserves many a sweet one."

SHE KNOWS THE MEN.—This is the latest from Fanny Fern, addressed to the ladies: Show but a strip of white stocking above your boot, or a bit of embroidered skirt, or a Balmoral, and you may lead a man by the nose. I have positively seen gentlemen stand at the corners, eagerly bobbing their heads this way and that, to catch a sight of the garter boots, as they alighted from the various omnibuses. Not all young men, but gray-headed old codgers, who had grandpas written all over them.

Slow.—"Madam, your boy cannot pass at half price; he is too large," said the conductor of a railway train, which had been long detained on the road by the snow. "He may be too large now," replied the matron, "but he was small enough when we started." The conductor gave in, and the boy passed for half fare.

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Quincy, Jan. 28, '63—415-41.

BILL HEADS

NEATLY PRINTED TO ORDER AT THIS OFFICE.

LETTER FROM WM. H. SEWARD.

The following letter from Secretary Seward to Senator Doolittle will explain itself, and will be read with deep interest by all true friends of the Union:

DEPT OF STATE, WASHINGTON,
July 21, 1866.

SIR:—Excuse me for expressing surprise that you ask me whether I approve the call of the proposed Union National Convention at Philadelphia. After more than five years of destruction by civil war, I regard the restoration of the unity of the country its most immediate as well as its most vital interest. That restoration will be complete when loyal men are admitted as representatives of loyal people of the eleven States so long unrepresented in Congress. Nothing but this can complete it; nothing more remains to be done, and nothing more is necessary. Every day's delay is attended by constantly increasing inconveniences, embarrassments and dangers at home and abroad. Congress possesses the power exclusively. After a session of seven months, Congress still omits to exercise that power. What can be done to induce Congress to act? This is the question of the day. Whatever is done must be done in accordance with the Constitution and laws. It is in perfect accordance with the Constitution and laws that the people of the United States shall assemble by delegates in Convention, and that when so assembled they shall address Congress by respectful petition and remonstrance, and that the people in their several States, Territories and Districts, shall affirm, sanction and unite in such requests and representations to Congress. No one party could do this effectually, nor even should be willing to do it alone. No loyal organization could do it effectually. It is the interest of all parties alike, of all the States and all the sections—a national interest of the whole people. The Convention, indeed, may not succeed in inducing Congress to act; but if they fail, the attempt can make matters no worse. It will be a lawful and patriotic attempt, made in the right direction—an effort to be remembered with pride and satisfaction, whether it succeeds or fails. The original union of the States was brought about by movements of the same character. The citizen who objects to the Convention, is bound to propose a better plan of proceedings to effect the desired end. No plan is offered or even thought of. Those who should propose it would seem to manifest at best, uncertainty, if not opposition to all reconstruction, reorganization and reconciliation between the alienated masses of the American people. To admit that the Convention will fail would be to admit that the people of the United States are deficient in the wisdom or the virtue necessary to the continued existence of the republic. I believe no such thing. A great political writer says that "Government is a secular religion, and the people of every country are divided into two classes, each maintaining distinct notions—the first fearing the very worst that can possibly happen, and the other hoping under every circumstance the very best that can in any event happen." Without accepting the theory as absolutely true, I think all men do generally act from a motive to guard against public danger, or else from a positive desire to do good. Both classes may, therefore, favor the present attempt to restore the unity of the nation.

I am, sir, your very obedient servant,
W. H. SEWARD.

A JERSEY ATONEMENT.

"I'm like a rosebud subdrowned in honey. Yea. In your paper mine optics beheld lines saying, black ink on white paper, a contrast like snow flakes on a nigger, that

"A WIDOW, of gentle disposition, wants some one to love—wants to marry a congenial gentleman not over sixty, with a desire to improvement. Address &c."

Just my age to a duck's foot. Rather ambiguous, but means well, sayeth I to I. Desire to improvement, was good. Slow work for a man of sixty to greatly improve a woman, unless she be well down the steelyards of years. I went. Quiet home—charming widow—had seen forty winters somewhere—know not where. Handed her your paper with the delicious advertisement therein, like a raisin in a kettle of beans. She widened. She smiled over her fan. She scooped her head gently, thus. She gently bit her upper lip and prayed, that she, she prayed to be seated. I was fresh from the districts of ruralism. I had hoed the calves, milked the bees, fed the growing potatoes, built sweet cider, and quenched my thirst with rail fence, and was just the rooster for the blooming widow's perch.

"I sat in the spontaneous deliciousness of the affectionate intercourse of that enthusiastic explorer of masculine hearts five hours that night. I was like a humming bird in a fanning mill. I squeezed the widow—the widow squizzed me. I leaned my thinking box against her maternal instincts, and looked into her eyes as a burglar looks around a corner. And all I saw was love. Says I, 'shall we?' Says she, 'shant we?' We went to a minister—five dollars, and all was over.

How I reveled. Sixty years of bachelor life in New Jersey 'had' fastened over my head and things. I was a freshman. I was a icicle, only waiting for the sun of love to

thaw me out. She thawed me! We began to live. I tried to improve the widow. I spent all my evenings in improving her. She improved. We were wedded in April. April the onest. With the vigor of a spring chronicleer did I prove my devotion. Like the first violet of vernal did I watch our increase. One day when I come home to the cot in the mill, I saw spread out on the floor a fourteen year old lump of a ragged boy. 'Twas ragged Pete, of the Newshy Brigade. He was on a lark. He'd been slashing about and had become hilarious. He showed surface indications of being drunk. I wanted to know why he came upon us. He said he wanted the old woman to give him half a horse. That was Pete's idea of a \$5 bill. That cherubim was the child of my adored. I gave him the lure. He went. I wanted to caress him with the toe of my boot, but he looked too detrimental. I spoke gently to my wife about Pete. She said she meant to, but forgot; when she saw me, I was so enticing she forgot it. She said I made her forget it. Pretty compliment, wasn't it? I told her that her Peter mustn't be a repeater or I'd peter. She said five dollars a week would keep him away. I told her I was just in from the country, &c., &c., but she did five dollars and I saw no more of Peter. She said she had atoned for all that. Who could doubt her. We went on smoothly.

One day when I came home, two half-breds were on the family bed, playing with a shaggy-eyed dog. The half-breeds were brothers. They were twins. They were of eleven years of duration so far. They were in the boot black business at Washington Market, and lived in a dry-goods box there. They had dark features, and a peculiar kink to their capillary. They called my consort "mother." She had bore them. They bored me. Words failed to relieve me. I spoke of Pete. She said these were her atonements! I asked if these had been atoned for. She said no. I felt better; for if they had, I should have looked for four of an age, and all four clear black. I settled five dollars a week on the young Washingtons, and was again happy.

This is the record of June. I've been a father for a week. Says I bully for New Jersey. Was married April first. Never knew an instance where improvement went on so rapidly. Age tells, blood is nothing. And such a baby. It is a pretty baby. Will be a man if it grows up. It was like a newspaper that is well read. It has the strabismus. It has red hair. I have written to my father to know if I had red hair. Mine is like the driven-snow. Have written to my original doctor, who I used to term a cow-catcher, to know if I had the crossed eye when first borned. Am waiting for a reply. Wife says it is because we live at the forks of the road, opposite a red barn. She may be right. I hope she is right. If I had been ninety years old we should have had this help to our census a month ago. That is on this principle. I have given up business. The loving principle is proving too much for me. I sold my steers, corn stalks and cow pasture to come to New York to live. I sold them that I might be here continually to improve the widow.

Now look at me. I'm clad in a pea-green dressing gown. It is four o'clock in the morning. I have been walking the floor three hours. This thing now asleep in our arms is our baby. Our first baby. That is to say, on my part. It is our last atonement. I like baby. It's better than lobster salad. It's a vigorous baby. It never sleeps. I feed it on paregoric and such stimulants. I am its nurse. It eats from a bottle. I walk the floor with it. It don't seem to like me. It yells as if its father had been an auctioneer. I never auctioneered. It kicks as if its paternal derivative had at some time of life been a yackass. I never was a yackass. It squalls as if its philoprogenitor had been a storm at sea. I never was one of them. Its mother was of loving gentle disposition. She loves gin, and after drinking two bottles full, or empty, becomes fierce. She is gentle now! I have tied the cherub's legs together with a piece of wire so that he can't kick. I've put a court plaster over his mouth so he can't squall. I've tied a strip of paling to his back so he can't squirm, and sit down to write how this affair is culminating. I've got Pete and the two "atonements" out of the way. I've got a sure thing on the widow, while the gin holds out. And I've got a tight thing on our cherub, if the court plaster don't burst. So now I'll let him sleep in my arms, lying like an infant on its father's lap, while I write. Egad! I've got 'em all tight, and now to my letter. I feel a little tight—will take some ice-water and go to work.

Don't answer advertisements inserted by loving widows. I have tried it, and after a few weeks of—Confound that young one; how it perspires! Guess I won't finish this article till I've tried on those new pants, for they may not fit, and I may have to send them back for alterations!

The story ends somewhat suggestively; but taking it all in all, we can only remark that Jersey must be a good country to live in.

The Quincy Union.

All Letters relating to the business affairs of the paper should be addressed to the Publisher.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.
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CORRESPONDENCE.

Our friends everywhere, who may at any time have knowledge of facts of local importance—accidents, meetings, news, doings of public meetings, improvements, curiosities, etc.—would confer a favor upon us and our readers generally by sending notice of the same to this office. Give us facts in any shape, and we will take care of them.

THE WAGON ROAD BILL.—The following is a copy of the bill introduced into Congress by Gen. Bidwell:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be and hereby is granted to the State of California, to aid in the construction of a military and postal wagon road from the town of Oroville, by way of the middle fork of Feather river to the eastern boundary of said State, alternate sections on each side of said road for each mile; *Provided, That the lands hereby granted shall be exclusively used in the construction of said road, and shall be disposed of as the work progresses; and the same shall be applied to no other purpose whatever; And provided further, That all lands heretofore reserved to the United States by act of Congress or other competent authority be, and the same are, reserved from the operation of this act, except so far as it may be necessary to locate the route through the same, in which case the right of way is granted; *Provided further, That where any of the lands reserved as herein mentioned are mineral lands, but shall contain timber, the timber thereon is hereby granted to such extent as will not interfere with the working of the mines.**

§ 2. *And be it further enacted, That the said land and timber hereby granted to said State shall be disposed of as the legislature thereof may provide for the purpose aforesaid, and for no other purpose; and the said road shall be and remain a public highway for the use of the government of the United States, free from tolls or other charge upon the transportation of any property, troops, or mails of the United States.*

§ 3. *And be it further enacted, That said road shall be constructed of such width, graduation, bridges and other necessary structures, as to permit of its regular use as a wagon road, and in such other special manner as the State of California may prescribe.*

§ 4. *And be it further enacted, That the lands and timber hereby granted to said State shall be disposed of in the following manner only, that is to say: That a quantity of land not exceeding thirty sections for said road may be sold; and when the Governor of said State shall certify to the Secretary of the interior that any ten continuous miles of said road are completed, then another quantity of land hereby granted, not to exceed thirty sections, may be sold and so on, from time to time, until said road is completed; and if said road shall not be completed within five years from the date of this act, no further sales shall be made, and the lands remaining unsold shall revert to the United States.*

§ 5. *And be it further enacted, That in the recess of the legislature the Governor of said State may authorize said road to be begun by a good and responsible company duly organized under the laws of said State, or by the counties through which said road may pass, subject to the approval of the legislature when the same shall convene.*

THE AUSTRIAN AND ITALIAN SOLDIER COMPARED.—The basis of the Italian army is agility, that of Austria solidity. Nature forms the Italian Army as she does almost all the others in Europe, but it is man who makes the Austrian. The Italian army, in good or ill fortune, moves on the suggestion of the mind; but the Austrian by word of command. Instinct, guided by order, is the chief propeller of the first; order, amounting at least to a sort of instinct, that of the second. The Austrian Army is, therefore, worth more than the Italian in a methodical battle with successive evolutions; but the Italian is superior in an assault, where the first dash breaks through and carries all before it. That is why the Italian Generals preferred meeting the Austrians on the plains of Lombardy, to attacking it behind the ramparts with which all Venetian bridling. The Italian soldier knows for what he fights; the Austrian for whom. The former is a citizen, mingles with the population, shares its passions and feels its impulses; the latter is a soldier, and nothing else; lives isolated, hears no voice but that of his corporal; his country is the barracks, his nation a province; his race the subjects of a foreign ruler. The Austrian Army has one tradition; to fight, and always fight well; but in the end rarely to conquer. Austria has always lost territory from war. Diplomacy, and above all marriage, have done more for her than her armies. *Feliz Austria nubo.* The Piedmontese army, now Italian, has also a tradition: to fight now well, now ill, but to gain decisive victories. The Duchy of Savoy has become Piedmont, and Piedmont has become Italy. The dynasty of Savoy has not gained a single inch of territory, whether from France, Germany, Spain or Austria, but by force of combats or at the point of the sword; a sword not encumbered by many diplomatical scruples. What Austria has lost she has never forgotten, but she has rarely recovered any of her losses, and never single handed. What Piedmont has lost she has recovered, even after having forgotten it. The House of Austria has lost the Empire of Germany, Lorraine, the Netherlands, Alsace, Tuscany, the Two Sicilies, Lombardy, Silesia, Emilia, etc., and she has lost them forever. The dynasty of Savoy, either single handed or in conjunction with allies, has taken part of all that, while perhaps wishing for much less than it had obtained. The Austrian soldier is more enduring than the Italian; the latter is more ardent, more energetic in the first efforts. Moral feelings have little influence on the Austrian soldier, whereas the Italian is inflamed with a word—imagination decides him to act. In the Austrian the physical qualities are more powerful than the mental, especially with individuals not of German origin. In the Italian, the man predominates over the beast whenever he is not swayed by anger or a desire of vengeance.—*Modena cor. Journal des Debats.*

The Quincy Union.

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L. P. FISHER and THOMAS BOYCE are the only authorized agents for the Union in San Francisco.

QUINCY, PLUMAS CO., CAL.
SATURDAY, JULY 28, 1866.

A BID FOR ASSASSINATION.—In the Marysville Appeal of the 24th instant, we find a piece of doggerel, headed "Hymn by Andy," in which appears the following:

"Should sudden vengeance seize my breath,
And if my soul was sent to hell,
Rebels alone would mourn my death,
While the loyal would approve it well."

This is but another of those bids for the assassination of President Johnson so often to be found in the Satanic Radical journals, and is indicative of the intense hatred, vindictiveness and malice which they bear towards all who oppose their pernicious and revolutionary designs. And with what an ill grace do such sentiments come from men who, but two short years since, were proclaiming with stentorian lungs that "President was the Government," and that all who opposed his policy or measures were enemies of their country and black-hearted traitors! Alas, how the times change, and men change with them! The present conduct of these men, however, is not so very inexplicable when we recollect that although they shed a profusion of crocodile tears over the death of the lamented Lincoln, they at heart, in the language of the Appeal's doggerel, "approved it well." They did not and dared not openly rejoice at the event, of course, but they very soon became remarkably well reconciled to what they termed "the act of Providence." Of such is the Appeal and kindred journals. How true, and applicable to them, is the old adage:—"Whom the gods would destroy, they first make mad."

WHAT DO THEY WISH?—The country is ringing (says the New York Journal of Commerce) with the disputes of politicians in Washington. What do they wish? Taking Mr. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, as the exponent of the party he leads, what is it that he wishes? The Union? Not at all. He can have that any day. It is only to say the word, and the last memory of the war will vanish in the atmosphere of peace and perfect union. What then? Power? Nothing else. The simple solution of all anxious canvassing of the Radical party is found in their desire to preserve power in their own hands. The evidence is in their acts. What is their present emotion? What the present subject of their most earnest deliberations? How to prevent the President from making appointments to office of men not belonging to the Radical party. What subject occupies nine-tenths of the time of the majority in Congress? What is the burden of the amendments to the Constitution which they proposed? Nothing but the preservation of power in their own hands, and the preventing opposition votes, either now or in the next Presidential election. What a blessed calm the people would have if these factionists were only removed from power!

THE WAR IS OVER.—We recommend the following, from the Christian Spectator, to those who would keep up the fires of hatred, add fuel to the bitter animosities of the past, and widen the breach between the sections, instead of giving wise counsels of forgiveness, and recommending forgetfulness of the past. Read, and ponder, and say if your conscience does not endorse its spirit.

THE WAR IS OVER.—Is that so? Then let the passion it engendered cool, the bitter and wrath die out. Let the sword be sheathed, let the olive branch be extended. The war is over. The bugle no more sounds the charge; artillery has ceased its roar; no more is heard in our land the thunder of the battle and the shoutings of the captains, the shrieks of the wounded and the groans of the dying. "Then let the pulpit cease its charge for more blood; let the religious press at least equal the magnanimity and mercifulness of spirit exhibited by their secular contemporaries."

The war is over. Then in God's name let it be over. Let all good men unite in an effort to repair its ravages and heal its wounds.

LINCOLN'S POLICY.—But what was Mr. Lincoln's policy of restoration? Why, sir, he never dreamed of rejecting loyal men legally elected from the insurrectionary States. In the midst of war he said that he would take the fact that insurrectionary States were represented in Congress as conclusive proof that no rebellion existed in those States. He invited representation. In his emancipation proclamation of September, 1862, he said:

"The Executive will on the 1st day of January, 1863, designate the States and parts of States, if any, in which the people thereof respectively shall then be in rebellion against the United States; and the fact that any State or the people thereof shall on that day be in good faith represented in the Congress of the United States by members chosen thereto at elections wherein the majority of qualified voters of such States shall have participated, shall, in the absence of strong countervailing testimony, be deemed conclusive evidence that such State, and the people thereof, are not in rebellion against the United States."

Thus we see, sir, that in the midst of the war he told these people to send their representatives here, and that he would regard that as conclusive proof that rebellion no longer existed in those States. And yet now, sir, men professing to be his friends, and the friends of his policy, tell these loyal men from the South that it is impossible that even the best and the most loyal of them should be admitted into this Hall. [Gen. Rousseau's speech of the 11th.

Tax.—House flies may be effectively destroyed without the use of poison. Take half a spoonful of black pepper in powder, one spoonful of brown sugar, and one tea-spoonful of cream; mix them well together, and place them in a room on a plate, where the flies are troublesome, and they will very soon disappear.

FORMATION OF A NEW PARTY.

There is a probability, says the San Francisco Police Gazette of the 21st instant, that within three months from the present time, a great change will occur in the political arena of the two parties that are now endeavoring to obtain the supremacy in the next Presidential canvass. The late war, occasioned by the South without a shadow of reason, and merely from fancied wrongs, engendered among a large mass of the Northern people feelings little consonant with neighborly affection, and, on the contrary, decidedly inimical. Their sons had been led to wholesale slaughter, their commerce on the seas had become a prey to the rapacity of privateers, and all to satisfy the cravings of the ruling class in the South for political ascendancy. After an expenditure of money such as no other nation was subjected in so short a time, and the loss of half a million of lives, they succeeded in conquering a peace and bringing a wicked rebellion under the yoke of authority. It is no wonder that the North, smarting under the afflictions which this war engendered, has late displayed feelings in reference to the South not exactly in keeping with brotherly affection.

The time has come, however, when if the American people desire to become great and powerful, they must throw off all passionate feelings and be guided in their political conduct by reason. It is folly to talk of maintaining a union for the common good between two great sections of the Republic if the respective short comings of each in the past are not to be forgotten, but to be constantly made a matter of veneration. The South has accepted the issue of the war in a becoming spirit, and it will not do for the North to play the part of a bully over a prostrate adversary, if she desires to cultivate those terms of amity necessary to a true political union with that adversary. The Constitution, in its wise and beneficial provisions, does not sanction anything of the kind, and on the contrary seems to imply that affection, not enmity, shall exist between different sections. The authority of the Federal Government had been subverted; the constitutional remedies were set in operation, authority was restored, and it became the duty of the Administration, acting under the Constitution, not to treat the rebellious States as provinces, but as integral portions of the Republic, subject only to the contingencies of war.

Under this view of the case, the Southern States, as soon as their respective governments were in harmony with the Federal Constitution, had the unquestionable right to send representatives to the National Congress. After laying down their arms, they stood precisely as regards their political status, where they stood before the war. We now speak of the relation they hold as States towards the Federal Government. Individuals, of course, were amenable for treason, and while they might suffer, the status of the States remained intact. One of the rights of the States being to send representatives to the National Congress, these representatives should have been admitted. If it appeared that they had been returned by the votes of individuals incompetent to exercise suffrage by reason of laws operating against them on account of their participation in the rebellion, each branch of Congress being the judges of the qualifications of its respective members, might have refused them admittance, and awaited the return of members chosen by qualified voters. This was the true and Constitutional theory upon which the majority in Congress should have acted, and it is the theory of President Johnson and his friends. But the majority in Congress have assumed the pernicious doctrine that might makes right—that they are the masters of the situation—that they may legislate as long as they please for the South, impose whatever conditions they think proper, and this without consulting any but their own wishes. The President has boldly taken a stand against this ruling majority, and there is no doubt that he will be sustained by the people. A Convention has been called at Philadelphia, which has for its object the formation of a new political party, based on the reconstruction doctrines laid down in the first place by Seward and Lincoln, and adopted by the present Executive. One-half of the so-called Republican party will, no doubt, be represented in that body, and probably a majority of the Democratic party. This will have the effect of breaking up the Republican and Democratic parties, and bringing into the field a political element which will sweep the country in the next Presidential campaign. The theory of President Johnson is correct, the theory so years hence the masses will see, the theory so that it will have a practical effect in Congress.

JIM BECKWORTH.—This notorious and somewhat ancient trapper, and pioneer of Plumas and Butte counties, says the Record, whose "adventures" were published in book form some years ago, is still pursuing the business which has made him famous—that of trapping. He is now 66 years of age—that is when we saw him last in '55 he had a silver dollar, of the coinage of 1800, on a raw-hide string, which he wore around his neck, that, as he said, marked his year of birth. A late number of the Rocky Mountain News gives the following history of his last winter's trip:—"He got back here yesterday from his winter's trapping excursion away over on the headwaters of Green river, and reports losing all his men and horses. Three of them—Burns, Williams and Clayton—were killed by Indians, which he thinks were his old enemies of the Blackfoot tribe. The Indians, however, stole his horses. The last man, John Simmons, was drowned between Pratt's and St. Vrain's Forks of Green river. He lost all his traps at the same time, and everything else, except two hundred and eighty-five beaver skins; these he caught, and went into Pass Creek station for horses, and brought them in. Jim has almost material for another book of adventures."

A Conservative exchange says that the Radicals have gone after strange goods. The Conservatives have gone after familiar deities.—Radical Ex.

Yes, we are after you, with a sharp stick.

LETTER FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 19, '66.
MR. EDITOR:—As occasional as rain in your neighborhood is the summer, so comes the Quincy Union to my door. To day, for the first time for several weeks, two copies of the 14th inst. came to my address, satisfying me that you intend, at any rate, that I shall have fifty-two copies a year, even if I do get them in duplicates. Well, they are very welcome, for they tell me many things to remind me of my old mountain home. I eagerly devoured their contents, reading with pleasure the able oration of Creed Haymond, Esq., delivered on the occasion of the celebration of the Fourth at Taylorville. I was glad to see that he had full respect for his auditors, and the sacredness of the "fifty-two" policy. I read the "change of Judge Hogan," the report of the Grand Jury, and all matters of local interest, and then felt that I was as well posted on the doings in Quincy, as if it were still my abiding place. And so it seems that the elegant buildings, so unique in architectural display, just south and to the east of the "fifty-two" policy, are to be removed, and then felt that I was as well posted on the doings in Quincy, as if it were still my abiding place. And so it seems that the elegant buildings, so unique in architectural display, just south and to the east of the "fifty-two" policy, are to be removed, and then felt that I was as well posted on the doings in Quincy, as if it were still my abiding place. And so it seems that the elegant buildings, so unique in architectural display, just south and to the east of the "fifty-two" policy, are to be removed, and then felt that I was as well posted on the doings in Quincy, as if it were still my abiding place. 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The Quincy Union.

LOCAL ITEMS.

DISAPPEARING.—The army worms have nearly all disappeared from this valley.

CAMP MEETING.—We learn that a camp-meeting will be held in Indian Valley next week.

NO DECISION.—The Supreme Court has rendered no decision in the Sheriff election case in this county. Yeates is still Sheriff.

SHOT.—Mulrooney, of Honey Lake was shot by the Indians near Black Rock, one day last week. He received a flesh wound in the legs.

HEARD FROM.—Several letters have been received from Pierson, Toot & Coburn since they left here. They are "at home," and are enjoying themselves hugely.

JUST SO.—From appearances, we should judge that the new office, its arrangement, &c., was to be remodeled after the Union office. Glad of it, you can't do better, friends.

CANARY BIRDS.—Mr. R. C. Hayden of Indian Valley has a large number of Canary Birds which he will dispose of, singly or in pairs, to any person who may wish to purchase.

DEAD.—The Prussian, Sagenbach, who was taken to Stockton from Nelson Flat, died after he had been in the asylum a few days. The physicians there say that he had inflammation of the brain.

DON'T LIKE IT.—The Record is "down" on Bidwell's bill in aid of a Wagon Road up the Middle Fork. It says that it was for burlesque, and did not mean business. A road up either of the Forks of Feather River, will suit Plumas.

STILL REFUSES.—The County Treasurer still refuses to advertise county warrants, as the law requires. We shall refer to length to the law, his oath, and other matters pertaining to the Treasurer's office, his competency &c., in our next issue.

TRY THEM.—Try Ward's shirts, not the Ward in the Union office, but Ward of No. 323 Montgomery street, San Francisco, who has them to sell. Our Ward has to buy his, and would prefer that the other Ward's shirts should be tried, and his let alone.

THE DECISION.—It is reported that the Supreme Court decided that the act affecting a portion of Sierra county to Plumas, was constitutional, and therefore binding, but that they decided that the property taxes of the present year must be paid to Sierra, for the reason that Sierra had levied the tax before the Territory was set off, and therefore there was a lien upon the property for the taxes.

FAST TIME.—On Wednesday last, the 25th inst., at about 4 o'clock P. M., we received a Sacramento Daily Union of Tuesday, the 24th. It came to Indian Valley, via Chico, by the Idaho and Chico Stage line, and was forwarded to us by Mr. Robinson, the driver of the line. Receiving the Sacramento Union on the afternoon of the day after they are issued, is something unusual in this section, and yet by driving nights as they do on the Chico route, those papers could reach here by the Bidwell's Bar route at 12 o'clock, the night of the same day they are issued. There is no energy on the line. That's what the matter is.

ROAD MEETING.—On the 24th page we publish the proceedings of a meeting of the citizens of Greenville, in reference to the toll road of Messrs. Wood and others. We publish the proceedings as an advertisement, and shall refrain for the present from making any comments upon the affair. There are always two sides to a question, even if one side be right and the other wrong. But this much we will state, we do not think that Mr. Miller, Supervisor of the 3d District is peculiarly interested in the road, and further, it is a question whether or not, if a good road with an easy grade and a light toll would not be of more benefit to the citizens of that section than a poor road, free for everybody. Would it not cost more to each individual to keep it in repair than the amount of toll they would be required to pay.

INSANE.—A man by the name of George F. Davis, who has been living at Saw Pit Flat, in this county, for several years past, was brought to this place on Thursday last by his brother and one or two other citizens of that place, and an examination, was held before the County Judge by Drs. Cate and Vaughan, and he was declared to be insane. The Judge ordered him taken to the Insane Asylum at Stockton. Davis is a man of some property; has always been an industrious and good citizen. He has been considered insane at times for the past eight months. He thinks that he has wronged the Government, National, State and county; that he has injured the church, and defrauded everybody with whom he has had any dealings, and that the officers of the county are looking for him all the time. He was taken below on Friday morning. He has property to pay his expenses in the Asylum, and bonds have been given by his brother and guardian for that purpose.

LOCALS.—Locals are very scarce this week, as our columns plainly prove. Every body is at work. The farmers are busy making hay. The river miners are at work in good earnest. It is too hot for dogs fights. The fighting season seems to be over for the present. The army worms have let up, though Rockwell says that "Frow" infires more gardens than the worms do. The material for the new paper has not as yet arrived, but we learn that the Union party of Plumas county, (Mr. Gear), has rented the building now occupied by Mr. Kains, for an office. Some of our friends took passage on the "black ball" line a few nights since. One man got to feeling pretty happy one day this week, but was "sensible," and sobered down after one day's spree. The stage and passenger train arrives regularly. The Union office is the place to get job work done. Tinting hoops have not made their appearance upon the streets of our town, and the young chaps are anxious to see how they "work." Peaches and other kinds of fruit are in market. The Supervisors will meet on the first Monday in August, and the Barber will return to Quincy about the same time. Money is rather scarce, and Kambach and Moore sell goods cheap. County Court meets on Monday, August 6th.—The Tax Collector will charge three dollars for a poll tax after August 1st. Every body ought to subscribe for a copy of the Quincy Union, and send a copy to their friends, if they have any, and as a general thing, everything is lovely, and the goose is elevated considerably.

FINED.—"Pap" Stewart Esq., of Jamison, fined one man \$5 and another \$2.50 for the privilege of having a wee bit of a discussion with their fists a short time since.

AFTER IT.—Gen. Bidwell is writing letters to different individuals, giving them permission to publish certain extracts which he doubtless thinks will set him right with the Radicals in this State. He don't "hanker" after the gubernatorial chair. Oh, no. He may get it.

CRAZY.—Three persons have been taken to Stockton from this county within the past two months. Up to the present year, only six insane persons had been sent from this county in nine years. There is, in our opinion, a fit subject for Stockton living in Indian Valley at the present time, and some people say that there are two or three in this vicinity who ought to go there, at least they say that if they are not insane they are d-d fools.

NARROW ESCAPE.—I. Ferguson, of Greenville, had a narrow escape from drowning, a few days since. He was standing on the bridge over the North Fork in Big Meadows, when his hat blew off into the water. It lodged a few yards below the bridge, and he stripped and swam out to get it. His feet became entangled in the eel grass, and he was drawn under by the current several times before he got loose. When he reached the bank, he was so weak that he could not crawl out; but an Indian who was near by, assisted him out. While he was entangled in the grass, and no chance of escape being discerned, he told the person above referred to, to tell the boys (his friends who went with him to the Meadows) where he was drowned. He won't swim to save hats any more.

WELL ANSWERED.—The following from the Napa Register, will apply to this section. Therefore we republish it:

"Why don't you publish the Deaths, Births and Marriages?" We are asked this question so often that we have concluded to reply once more. We do publish every one of which we have notice, and always gratuitously. But we cannot be expected to know of such occurrences, unless duly informed. We may hear vaguely that Tom or Dick is dead or married, or that there has been a birth in such and such a family. But without definite knowledge of the facts from the proper parties, we cannot take anything for granted. There would be a "precious row" indeed, if we were to announce a birth or marriage that never happened, and hence we never publish anything of the kind except upon request, and with due authority. To avoid mistakes therefore, know all persons by these presents, that if they contemplate being born, dying or getting married, and succeed in doing so, we will announce the fact on receiving due notice, but not otherwise."

HEDGINS.—Report says that the holders of some of the fat offices on this coast are hedging. The President's policy seems to suit some of them pretty well now. After Congress adjourns, they will be the most loud mouthed of all in favor of the white man's policy.

THEY WILL COME.—The Sac. Union says that intelligence has been received from Japan that all laws prohibiting Japanese from going to foreign countries have been rescinded, and that all classes may now obtain passports to go abroad and study the arts and institutions of other lands. The people of that empire have much to teach as well as much to learn. They are worth contemplating.

A HIT.—Josh Billings, in replying to some of his correspondents, says: "I think I had rather hear a man brag on his immorality than on his religion, because such a man hasn't got gaul to do much big sin."

ROAD MEETING.

At a meeting called by the citizens of Indian Valley and held at Bidwell's Hall, in Greenville, July 21st, H. C. Bidwell being in the Chair and D. H. Taft Secretary, the Chairman stated the object of the meeting was to take action in reference to the contemplated Toll Road from Big Meadows to Indian Valley. On motion, Messrs. Carroll, True and Thomas were appointed a committee on resolutions.

RESOLUTIONS.
The following were handed in by the Committee:
Whereas—Having been informed that Gen. A. Wood, Andrew Miller and others are about to erect a Toll-gate on the road leading from Big Meadows to Indian Valley, and said road having been built by the citizens of Indian Valley and vicinity, without aid from the county, therefore be it

Resolved, That we will use all honorable and lawful means to resist an act so unjustifiable.

Resolved, That we will sign a remonstrance and have the same forwarded to the Board of Supervisors, asking them to rescind the order.

Resolved, That if all other means fail, we will build a new road, and to this we mutually agree.

Resolved, That we heartily condemn the action of Supervisor Andrew Miller, occupying as he does a seat in the Board of Supervisors of this county, in voting himself a permit to tax the citizens of this locality for the privilege of traveling over and using their own road.

Resolved, That the action of the Supervisors was illegal, as one of their number, Mr. Gilbert, was absent when the permit was granted, and Mr. Ford was induced to sign it by false representations—Mr. Miller, one of the grantees, being an interested party. In consequence of which, we will legally test the validity of the transaction.

On motion, these resolutions were unanimously adopted by the meeting.

Messrs. Lawrence, Hall and Somerlund were appointed a committee on remonstrance, to be handed in to the Board of Supervisors at their next meeting.

On motion, it was

Voted, To publish the proceedings of this meeting in the Quincy Union.

D. H. Taft, Secretary.

A story is told of a man living out West who completes eight pairs of large sized boots every day. The editor of the New York Globe says: "It would be considered small doings in this city. There is a ladies' shoemaker down in the Swamp, who, as fast as he finishes a boot throws it over his shoulder into a box behind him. He keeps one in the air all the time, and don't half try."

Special Notice.
THE GREAT BLOOD MEDICINES.—Let every man, woman and child in our country learn, that Dr. Doyen's Family Medicines are the best in use. For advertisement on fourth page.

Advertisements.

FLORENCE Sewing Machines.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD!!

Highest Premium, Fair American Institute.

Highest Premium, State Fair of California, 1865.

It makes four different stitches, the lock, knot, double lock, and double knot, on one and the same machine. Each stitch being alike on both sides of the fabric.

Every Machine has the reversible feed motion, which enables the operator, by simply turning a thumb-screw, to have the work run either to the right or left, to stay any part of the seam, or fasten the ends of seams without turning the fabric.

The only machine having a self-adjusting shuttle tension—the amount of tension always being in exact proportion to the size of the bobbin.

Changing the length of stitch, and from one kind of stitch to another, can readily be done while the Machine is in motion.

The needle is easily adjusted.

It is almost noiseless, and can be used where quiet is necessary.

Its motions are all positive; there are no springs to get out of order, and its simplicity enables the most inexperienced to operate it.

It does not require finer thread on the under than on the upper side, and will sew across the heaviest seams, or from one to more thicknesses of cloth, without change of needle, tension, or breaking thread.

The hemmer is easily adjusted, and will turn any width of hem desired.

No other Machine will do so great a range of work as the Florence.

It will hem, fell, bind, gather, braid, quilt, and gather and sew on a ruffle at the same time.

Each Machine furnished with "Borrum's Self-Sever," which guides the work itself, and is of incalculable value, especially to inexperienced operators.

SAMUEL HILL, Gen'l Ag't.
111, Montgomery st., San Francisco.
W. W. KELLOGG, Agent.
Quincy.

OROVILLE Iron & Brass Foundry AND MACHINE SHOP.

STEAM ENGINES, QUARTZ MACHINERY, Saw and Grind Mills, Derrick Irons, Pumps, HYDRAULIC PIPES AND NOZZLES, Car Wheels, and all other kinds of

MACHINERY BUILT TO ORDER, or Repaired at the Shortest Notice.

SHOES & DIES for Quartz Mills, made of the best American White Iron.

STEAM ENGINES of different sizes, with the latest improvements, always on hand. Also, second hand engines.

ALL WORK guaranteed first class, and as cheap as any Establishment in the State.
37-6m THEOPHILUS LOCHER, Prop'r.

F. G. DECKER. M. T. LANGLEY.

EMPIRE LIVERY

STABLE.

MAIN STREET, LA PORTE.
(Opposite Union Hotel.)

THE TRAVELING PUBLIC, AND CITIZENS of La Porte and vicinity, will find at this Stable, Horses, Buggies, Carriages, and Saddle Horses, as good as can be found in the town, always ready for hire, at prices to suit the times. Particular attention paid to horses on livery. DECKER & LANGLEY, Proprietors.

BLACKSMITH'S SHOP.
MAIN ST., QUINCY.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the public that he is now prepared to do every kind of work in his line such as

Horse, Mule & Ox Shoeing,
wagon Ironing, &c.,
FICKES made to order, or sharpened on short notice.
JOHN WALKER.

Advertisements.

QUINCY & CRESCENT MILLS STAGELINE.

R. E. GARLAND, Proprietor.

LEAVES QUINCY EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY, on the arrival of the Stage from Oroville. Leaves Oroville Wednesday, Friday and Sunday, and arrives in Quincy in time to connect with the Stage for Oroville, and the Passenger Train for La Porte. This is the shortest, quickest and best route.

From Oroville to Taylorville and Crescent Mills.

HORSE RESTAURANT.
Corner of Main and Jackson Streets.

QUINCY, PLUMAS COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.
The Traveling Public will find at this Stable, Horses, Buggies, Carriages and Saddle Horses, as good as can be found in the State, always ready for hire. Particular attention paid to horses on livery. By Order.
R. E. GARLAND, Proprietor.

U. S. MAIL LINE

FOR
Susanville, Taylorville
Indian Valley.

BLACK & ROCK MINES!!

A SLENDID FOUR-HORSE COACH leaves Taylorville and Susanville every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday mornings, at 7 o'clock, A. M., via Dogtown and Humboldt Valley, and arrives at Oroville on the following Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 4 o'clock, P. M.
ALLEN J. WOOD, Proprietor.

Mining Notices.

Premium Quartz Mining company.—Location of Works, Indian Valley, Plumas County, California.—NOTICE.
There is delinquent upon the following described stock, an amount of assessment levied on the 30th day of April, 1865, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders:

Names.	No.	Cert.	Sh's.	Am't.
R. S. Edlis	71	29	100	00
same	72	29	100	00
same	73	10	50	00
J. B. Coffin	100	100	200	00
same	101	49	200	00
Simon W. Glazier, Trustee	38	100	500	00
A. Shwartz	95			

And in accordance with law and an order of the Board of Trustees, made on the 23d day of July, A. D. 1865, so many shares of each parcel of said stock as may be necessary, will be sold at the office of said company, in Indian Valley, Plumas county, Cal., on Tuesday, the 7th day of August, 1865, at 2 o'clock, P. M., of said day, to pay said delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising, and expenses of sale.

R. C. CHAMBERS, Sec'y.
Office, At the Works, Indian Valley, Plumas county, Cal.

Premium Quartz Mining company.—Indian Valley, Plumas Co., Cal.
WHEREAS, The owners of two thirds of all the capital stock of the Premium Quartz Mining Co., are desirous and have consented in writing to the removal of its principal place of business from its present location to the city and county of San Francisco, in the State of California; Notice is therefore given that such change will be made in the manner required by law.

By order of the Board of Trustees,
R. C. CHAMBERS, Sec'y,
Premium Quartz Mining Co.
July 7th, 1865.

Independent Gold & Silver Mining Company.

Notice to shareholders in the above named company, is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees, held July 7th, A. D. 1865, assessment that was levied January 19th, 1864, was rescinded, and an assessment of (15) fifteen cents per share was levied upon each and every share of the capital stock of said company, payable immediately in United States gold coin, to the Sec'y at Galena.

E. C. McKENNY, Sec'y,
Galena, Nevada, July 7th, 1865.

Fall River Gold & Silver Mining Company.

Location of Works, Lumpkin, Butte County, California.—NOTICE is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said company, held on the 6th day of July, 1865, an assessment of fifty (50) cents per share, payable in United States gold coin, was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable forthwith to the Secretary at his office in La Porte, Plumas Co., Cal. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 6th day of August, 1865, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on Wednesday, the 22nd day of August, 1865, at two o'clock, P. M., to pay the delinquent assessments together with costs of advertising, and expenses of sale.

By order of the Board of Trustees,
S. WHEELER, Sec'y,
La Porte, July 6th, 1865.

Butte Bar Gold & Silver Mining Company.

Notice is hereby given that an assessment of one dollar and sixty-three cents per share was levied on July 10th, 1865, by the Trustees payable to the Secretary at the office of the company, on Monday, July 10th, 1865, and all shares delinquent on the sixth day of August, 1865, will be advertised and sold as the law directs.

JOHN B. OVERTON, Sec'y,
July 15th, 1865.

Constable's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED out of Justice R. C. Hayden's Court of Indian Township, county of Plumas, to me directed, in favor of N. C. Cunningham, and against James L. Magnusin, on a judgment therein rendered, on the 15th day of June, 1865, for the sum of \$207 65, with costs of suit, \$23 60-100ths, and accruing costs, I have levied upon and seized, and shall expose for sale at Public Auction, between the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M., and 3 P. M., on

Saturday, September 1st, 1865,

at my office, in Patch's building, in Taylorville, the following described property, to-wit: All the right, title and interest of said Magnusin in and to the following described property: The Quartz ledge situated in Indian Township, Plumas county, between two (2) miles in a westerly direction from the town of Greenville, known as the Magnusin ledge, and owned by Def't. Magnusin and one Bidwell.

Dated Tuesday, the 24th day of July, A. D. 1865.
E. E. GREEN, Constable.

Probate Notice.

In Probate Court.
In the matter of the Estate of JOHN C. MURPHY, Deceased:
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE UNDERSIGNED, Administrator of the above-named estate, to the creditors and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers, within four months from the first publication of said notice, in the undersigned office of his Attorney, at Taylorville, in Plumas county.

WM. H. PIERCE, Adm'r.
A. A. Cooper, Atty for Def't.
Taylorville, June 15th, 1865.

Legal Advertisements.

Summons.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
COUNTY OF PLUMAS.
In the District Court of the Second Judicial District, FELICIT CLARET FRASER Plaintiff, vs. ZEPHRIN FRASER, Defendants.
Action brought in the District Court of the 2d Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Plumas, and the complaint filed in said county of Plumas, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court.

YOU ARE HEREBY REQUIRED TO APPEAR in an action brought against you by the above named Plaintiff, in the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Plumas, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days, (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this Summons, if served within this county; or if served out of this county, but in this District, within twenty days; otherwise within forty days, or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of said Complaint.
The said action is brought to obtain a decree of this Court, dissolving the matrimonial ties that unite you and plaintiff, and to restore to each of you all the rights of an unmarried woman. And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint, as above required, the said Plaintiff will take default and apply to the court for the relief prayed for in said complaint, and such other and further relief as the court may think proper.

Given under my hand and seal of the District Court of the 2d Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Plumas, this 14th day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.
JOHN B. OVERTON, Clerk.
By S. J. CLARK, Deputy Clerk.
E. T. Hogan, Plaintiff's Attorney.

Summons.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
COUNTY OF PLUMAS.
Justice's Court, Indian Township.
The People of the State of California, to W. M. M. CANNON, and FORAY, Greeting:
YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED TO APPEAR BEFORE me, at my office in Taylorville, Indian Township, of the county of Plumas, on the 15th day of September, A. D. 1865, at 2 o'clock, P. M., to answer unto the complaint filed therein, which has been returned against you to recover the sum of two hundred and sixty-four dollars, of which sum \$20 is alleged to be due in gold coin, and the balance in interest at 12 per cent per annum, on which a credit of \$100 and \$40 on each of the 15th day of June, 1865, and 15th day of July, 1865, and judgment will be taken against you for the said amount, \$260 of sum in gold coin, and interest as aforesaid, together with costs and damages if you fail to appear and answer.
To the Sheriff or any Constable of said County, greeting: Making legal service and return hereof, given under my hand this third day of August, 1865.
J. B. OVERTON, Clerk.
A. A. Cooper, Atty for Def't.

Alias Summons.

In the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Plumas.

MARY F. WARDER, Pff., vs. JOHN B. WARDER, Def't.

ACTION BROUGHT IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the 2d Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Plumas, and the Complaint filed in the said County of Plumas, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court.
THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, GREETING TO JOHN B. WARDER, DEFENDANT.
You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above-named Plaintiff in the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Plumas, and to answer the Complaint filed therein, within Ten Days, (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this Summons;—if served within this County; or, if served out of this County, but in this District, within Twenty Days; otherwise, within Forty Days;—or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of said Complaint.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of this Court dissolving the matrimonial ties that unite you and plaintiff, and release her from all marital obligation to you forever.
And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said Complaint, as above required, the said Plaintiff will take default, and apply to the Court for the relief prayed for in said Complaint, to-wit: a Decree of Divorce, and such other and further relief as the Court may think proper.

Given under my hand and seal of the District Court of the Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Plumas, this 22th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.
J. B. OVERTON, Clerk.
[Stamp 30c.] By S. J. CLARK, Deputy Clerk.
E. T. HOGAN, Pff's Atty.

Summons.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
COUNTY OF PLUMAS.

In the District Court, 2d Judicial District, WRIGHT SEYMOUR, Plaintiff, vs. E. D. B. SEYMOUR, Def't.

Action brought in the District Court of the 2d Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Plumas, and the complaint filed in said county of Plumas, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court.

YOU ARE HEREBY REQUIRED TO APPEAR in an action brought against you by the above named Plaintiff, in the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Plumas, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days, (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons;—if served within this county; or, if served out of this County, but in this District, within twenty days; otherwise, within forty days, or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of said complaint.
The said action is brought to recover judgment against you for the sum of seven hundred and thirty-three 74-100 dollars, with interest on said sum at the rate of 10 per cent per annum, and for his costs herein expended. Said sum is alleged to be due from you to this plaintiff, on an account for goods, wares and merchandise, sold and delivered to you at your instance and request, and for board and lodging furnished you by said Plaintiff, and for money loaned to you by Plaintiff, for hay and grain and ranching and pasturing stock for you by said Plaintiff, and for work and labor done and performed at your special instance and request, and indebtedness accrued between the 15th day of Nov., 1861, and the 31st day of Nov., 1865, all of which is more fully set forth in the complaint, a certified copy of which accompanies this summons, and you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint, as above required, the said Plaintiff will take default and judgment by default for the sum prayed for in said complaint.

Given under my hand and seal of the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Plumas, this 30th day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.
JOHN B. OVERTON, Clerk.
By S. J. CLARK, Deputy Clerk.
E. T. Hogan, Plaintiff's Attorney.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of WM. H. BLOOD, Deceased.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL PERSONS having claims against the above named estate, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within ten months from the first publication of this notice, to the undersigned at his office in Taylorville, Plumas county.

AMOS F. BLOOD, Administrator.
July 7th, 1865.

Business Advertisements.

W. M. MILLER. W. BUNNELL.

MILLER & BUNNELL,
Butt Valley, Plumas Co., California.
—GENERAL DEALERS IN—

Groceries, Provisions, Liquors,
Segars, Tobacco, Dry Goods,
CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, TOOLS,
Hats and Caps,
HARDWARE, YANKEE NOTIONS, &c., &c.
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CUNNINGHAM & HOLTHOUSE,
—DEALERS IN—

General Merchandise.
[Corner of Main and Nelson Streets.]

Taylorville, Plumas Co., Cal.

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF SPRING and Summer Goods, embracing the latest Styles & Patterns, to which we invite the attention of the Public in general.

M. MARCUSE. M. A. MARCUSE.

MARCUSE & CO.,
—Importers and Dealers in—

Havana and Domestic Cigars,
TOBACCO, PIPES, PLAYING CARDS,
Stationery, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, &c.

